

The Code of School Behaviour

Better Behaviour Better Learning



Rainbow Beach State School's Responsible Behaviour Plan for Students based on The Code of School Behaviour

1. Purpose

Rainbow Beach State School is committed to providing a safe, respectful and disciplined learning environment for students and staff, where students have opportunities to engage in quality learning experiences and acquire values supportive of their lifelong wellbeing.

This Responsible Behaviour Plan for Students is designed to facilitate high standards of behaviour so that the learning and teaching in our school can be effective and students can participate positively within our school community.

2. Consultation and data review

Rainbow Beach State School developed this plan in collaboration with our school community. Consultation with parents, staff and students was undertaken during Semester 2 2014 and Term 1 2015. A review of school data sets from 2013-2014 also informed the development process.

The Plan was endorsed by the Principal and the President of the P&C.

3. Learning and behaviour statement

All areas of Rainbow Beach State School are learning and teaching environments. We consider behaviour management to be an opportunity for valuable social learning as well as a means of maximising the success of academic education programs. Our school-wide framework for managing behaviour is Schoolwide Positive Behaviour Support.

Our Responsible Behaviour Plan outlines our system for facilitating positive behaviours, preventing problem behaviour and responding to unacceptable behaviours. Through our school plan, shared expectations for student behaviour are plain to everyone, assisting Rainbow Beach State School to create and maintain a positive and productive learning and teaching environment, where ALL school community members have clear and consistent expectations and understandings of their role in the educational process.

Our school community has identified the following school rules to teach and promote our high standards of responsible behaviour:

- Be Safe
- Be Respectful
- Be a Learner

Our school rules have been agreed upon and endorsed by all staff and our school P&C. They are aligned with the values, principles and expected standards outlined in Education Queensland's Code of School Behaviour.

4. Processes for facilitating standards of positive behaviour and responding to unacceptable behaviour

Universal Behaviour Support

The first step in facilitating standards of positive behaviour is communicating those standards to **all** students. At Rainbow Beach State School we emphasise the importance of directly teaching students the behaviours we want them to demonstrate at school. Communicating behavioural expectations is a form of universal behaviour support - a strategy directed towards **all** students which is designed to prevent problem behaviour and to provide a framework for responding to unacceptable behaviour.

A set of behavioural expectations in specific settings has been attached to each of our three school rules. The Schoolwide Expectations Teaching Matrix below outlines our agreed rules and specific behavioural expectations in all school settings.

Schoolwide Expectations Teaching Matrix								
	All Settings	Classroom	Grounds					
Be Safe	 Be sun safe Use the Hi-5 to solve problems Own your own behaviour Walk safely in all areas Be healthy in the bathroom 	Ask permission to leave the classroomUse equipment appropriately	 Play in your area Play safely and fairly Walk safely around the school grounds Travel to school safely 					
Be Respectful	 Use polite language Follow adult directions immediately Respect all property Wear full school uniform Be honest at all times Always be prepared to help Be considerate of others Ask permission to enter/leave an area 	 Be an active listener Work cooperatively with all adults and students Respect the rights of others to learn 	 Play fairly – take turns, invite others to join in and follow rules. Return sport equipment properly Place litter in bin Eat food with manners 					
Be a Learner	 Always be an active participant Have a go – Be a risk taker Ask for help Ask Questions Be persistant Be Prepared for learning 	 Always do your best Complete set tasks Take an active role Be on time Be organized for learning 	• Learn new games and activities					

These expectations are communicated to students via a number of strategies, including:

- Behaviour lessons conducted by classroom teachers and school staff;
- Reinforcement of learning from behaviour lessons at School Assemblies and during active supervision by staff during classroom and non-classroom activities.

Rainbow Beach State School implements the following proactive and preventative processes and strategies to support student behaviour:

- A dedicated section of the school newsletter, enabling parents to be actively and positively involved in school behaviour expectations.
- School Behaviour Leadership team members' regular provision of information to staff and parents, and support to others in sharing successful practices.
- Comprehensive induction programs in the Rainbow Beach State School's Responsible Behaviour Plan for Students delivered to new students as well as new and relief staff.
- Individual support profiles developed for students with high behavioural needs, enabling staff to
 make the necessary adjustments to support these students consistently across all classroom
 and non-classroom settings.

Specific policies have been developed to address:

- The Use of Personal Technology Devices at School (Appendix 1);
- Procedures for Preventing and Responding to Incidents of Bullying (Appendix 2); and
- Appropriate Use of Social Media (Appendix 3).

Reinforcing expected school behaviour

At Rainbow Beach State School, communication of our key messages about behaviour is backed up through reinforcement, which provides students with feedback outlining how they met the school's behaviour expectations. A formal recognition and monitoring system has been developed. This reinforcement system is designed to increase the quantity and quality of positive interactions between students and staff. All staff members are trained to give consistent and appropriate acknowledgement and rewards.

Rainbow Beach State School Gotchas

Staff members hand out Gotchas each day to students when they observe them following school rules in either classroom or non-classroom areas. This reinforcement occurs continually throughout the day. When staff 'catch' a student demonstrating the rules they can choose to give them a Gotcha. When students are given a Gotcha they return the card to their class teacher.

Each week, the classroom teachers will review the submitted cards and identify students with a minimum of 10 cards. These students are offered an opportunity to select a reward from the schools rewards menu. Students have the choice of 'cashing in' their Gotchas for a reward form the rewards menu, or saving their Gotchas in order to access the more powerful reinforcers available for 20, 30, 50 and 100 Gotchas. Please refer to appendix 7: School Rewards Menu for more details of the reinforcers.

Cards are never taken off students as a consequence for problem behaviour.

Responding to unacceptable behaviour

Please to refer to Appendix 6: Dealing with Problem Behaviours

Targeted Behaviour Support

Each year a small number of students at Rainbow Beach State School are identified through our data as needing a little bit extra in the way of targeted behavioural support. In most cases, the problem behaviours of these students may not be immediately regarded as severe, but the frequency of their behaviours may put these students' learning and social success at risk if not addressed in a timely manner.

Students requiring Targeted Behaviour Support attend their normal scheduled classes and activities with appropriate adjustments if required. A preliminary assessment of their primary function of behaviour is made and interventions are provided accordingly. For example, if the Rainbow Beach SS Responsible Behaviour Plan for Students: Revised January 2017

function of behaviour was deemed likely to be to access attention, the student may be provided with increased daily opportunities to receive positive contact with adults, additional support from check-in/check-out coaches and increased opportunities to receive positive reinforcement. Alternatively if the function of behaviour was deemed likely to be to escape instructional tasks the intervention may be primarily based around providing academic support and increased opportunities to receive positive reinforcement for participation. Other interventions may include adult mentoring or intensive social skills training as relevant.

The Targeted Behaviour Support is coordinated by a school-based team with active administrator support and staff involvement. All staff members are provided with continuous professional development consisting of an overview of the program, the referral and student identification process, and the reporting responsibilities of staff and of the students being supported.

Students whose behaviour does not improve after Targeted Behaviour Support, or whose previous behaviour indicates a need for specialised intervention, are provided with intensive behaviour support.

Intensive Behaviour Support: Behaviour Support Team

Rainbow Beach State School is committed to educating all students, including those with the highest behavioural support needs. We recognise that students with highly complex and challenging behaviours need comprehensive systems of support. The *Intensive Behaviour Support Team*:

- facilitates a Functional Behaviour Assessment for appropriate students;
- works with other staff members to develop appropriate behaviour support strategies;
- monitors the impact of support for individual students through ongoing data collection;
- makes adjustments as required for the student; and
- works with the School Behaviour Leadership Team to achieve continuity and consistency.

The *Intensive Behaviour Support Team* has a simple and quick referral system in place. Following referral, a team member contacts parents and any relevant staff members to form a support team and begin the assessment and support process. In many cases the support team also includes individuals from other agencies already working with the student and their family, a representative from the school's administration and regional behavioural support staff.

5. Consequences for unacceptable behaviour

Rainbow Beach State School makes systematic efforts to prevent problem student behaviour by teaching and reinforcing expected behaviours on an ongoing basis. When unacceptable behaviour occurs, students experience predictable consequences. Our school seeks to ensure that responses to unacceptable behaviour are consistent and proportionate to the nature of the behaviour. An incident report form (Appendix 4) is used to record all medium and major problem behaviour. The recording of three minor behaviours constitutes a medium behaviour.

Minor, Medium and Major behaviours

When responding to problem behaviour, the staff member first determines if the problem behaviour is major, medium or minor, with the following agreed understanding:

- Minor/Medium problem behaviour is handled by staff members at the time it happens.
- **Major** problem behaviour is reported directly to the school Administration team.

For more information about Minor, Medium and Major behaviours refer to Appendix 6.

Relate problem behaviours to expected school behaviours

When responding to problem behaviours, staff members ensure that students understand the relationship of the problem behaviour to expected school behaviour. One method that staff members might use to achieve this is to have students:

- articulate the relevant school expectation;
- explain how their behaviour differs from the school expectation;
- describe the likely consequences if the problem behaviour continues; and
- identify and demonstrate what they will do to change their behaviour in line with school expectations.

Ensuring consistent responses to problem behaviour

At Rainbow Beach State School, staff members authorised to issue consequences for problem behaviour are provided with appropriate professional development and/or training. Through training activities, we work to ensure consistent responses to problem behaviour across the school.

Students also receive training in how to respond appropriately when other students display problem behaviour, and the courteous way to respond when a staff member re-directs their behaviour or consequences are applied for problem behaviour. We appreciate parent/caregiver participation in also teaching your child how to respond appropriately to re-directions or consequences that are applied for problem behaviour.

6. Emergency or critical incident responses

It is important that all staff have a consistent understanding of how to respond to emergency situations or critical incidents involving severe problem behaviour. This consistency ensures that appropriate actions are taken to ensure that both students and staff are kept safe.

An **emergency situation or critical incident** is defined as an occurrence that is sudden, urgent, and usually unexpected, or an occasion requiring immediate action.

Severe problem behaviour is defined as behaviour of such intensity, frequency, or duration that the physical safety of the student or others is likely to be placed in serious jeopardy.

Basic defusing strategies

- 1. Avoid escalating the problem behaviour: Avoid shouting, cornering the student, moving into the student's space, touching or grabbing the student, sudden responses, sarcasm, becoming defensive, communicating anger and frustration through body language.
- 2. Maintain calmness, respect and detachment: Model the behaviour you want students to adopt, stay calm and controlled, use a serious measured tone, choose your language carefully, avoid humiliating the student, be matter of fact and avoid responding emotionally.
- 3. Approach the student in a non-threatening manner: Move slowly and deliberately toward the problem situation, speak privately to the student/s where possible, speak calmly and respectfully, minimise body language, keep a reasonable distance, establish eye level position, be brief, stay with the agenda, acknowledge cooperation, withdraw if the situation escalates.
- 4. Follow through: If the student starts displaying the appropriate behaviour briefly acknowledge their choice and re-direct other students' attention towards their usual work/activity. If the student continues with the problem behaviour then remind them of the expected school behaviour and identify consequences of continued unacceptable behaviour).
- 5. Debrief: Help the student to identify the sequence of events that led to the unacceptable behaviour, pinpoint decision moments during the sequence of events, evaluate decisions made, and identify acceptable decision options for future situations.

Physical Intervention

Staff may make legitimate use of physical intervention if all non-physical interventions have been exhausted and a student is:

- physically assaulting another student or staff member; or
- posing an immediate danger to him/herself or to others.

Appropriate physical intervention may be used to ensure that Rainbow Beach State School's duty of care to protect students and staff from foreseeable risks of injury is met. The use of physical intervention is only considered appropriate where the immediate safety of others is threatened and the strategy is used to prevent injury.

Physical intervention can involve coming between students, blocking a student's path, leading a student by the hand/arm, shepherding a student by placing a hand in the centre of the upper back, removing potentially dangerous objects and, in extreme situations, using more forceful restraint. Rainbow Beach SS Responsible Behaviour Plan for Students: Revised January 2017 It is important that all staff understand:

- physical intervention cannot be used as a form of punishment;
- physical intervention must not be used when a less severe response can effectively resolve the situation and the underlying function of the behaviour.

Physical intervention is not to be used as a response to:

- property destruction;
- school disruption;
- refusal to comply;
- verbal threats; and
- leaving a classroom or the school, unless student safety is clearly threatened.

Any physical intervention made must:

- be reasonable in the particular circumstances;
- be in proportion to the circumstances of the incident;
- always be the minimum force needed to achieve the desired result; and
- take into account the age, stature, disability, understanding and gender of the student.

Record keeping

Each instance involving the use of physical intervention must be formally documented. The processes can be found at <u>http://ppr.det.qld.gov.au/corp/hr/workplace/Pages/Health-and-Safety-Incident-Recording,-Notification-and-Management.aspx</u> online.

7. Network of student support

Students at Rainbow Beach State School are supported through positive reinforcement and a system of universal, targeted, and intensive behaviour support by:

- Parents
- Teachers
- Support Staff
- Administration Staff

- Guidance Officer
- Advisory Visiting Teachers
- Senior Guidance Officer
- School Chaplain

External support is also available through the following government and community agencies:

- Disability Services Queensland
- Child and Youth Mental Health
- Queensland Health
- Department of Communities (Child Safety Services)
- Police
- Local Council
- Department of Justice

8. Consideration of individual circumstances

To ensure alignment with the Code of School Behaviour when applying consequences, the individual circumstances and actions of the student and the needs and rights of school community members are considered at all times.

Rainbow Beach State School considers the individual circumstances of students when applying support and consequences by:

- promoting an environment which is responsive to the diverse needs of its students
- establishing procedures for applying fair, equitable and non violent consequences for infringement of the code ranging from the least intrusive sanctions to the most stringent
- recognising and taking into account students' age, gender, disability, cultural background, socioeconomic situation and their emotional state
- recognising the rights of all students to:
 - \circ $\,$ express opinions in an appropriate manner and at the appropriate time
 - work and learn in a safe environment regardless of their age, gender, disability, cultural background or socio-economic situation, and
 - o receive adjustments appropriate to their learning and/or impairment needs.

9. Related legislation

- Commonwealth Disability Discrimination Act 1992
- Commonwealth Disability Standards for Education 2005
- Education (General Provisions) Act 2006
- Education (General Provisions) Regulation 2006
- Criminal Code Act 1899
- Anti-Discrimination Act 1991
- Commission for Children and Young People and Child Guardian Act 2000
- Judicial Review Act 1991
- Workplace Health and Safety Act 2011
- Workplace Health and Safety Regulation 2011
- Right to Information Act 2009
- Information Privacy (IP) Act 2009

10. Related policies and procedures

- Statement of expectations for a disciplined school environment policy
- Safe, Supportive and Disciplined School Environment
- Inclusive Education
- Enrolment in State Primary, Secondary and Special Schools
- Student Dress Code
- Student Protection
- Hostile People on School Premises, Wilful Disturbance and Trespass
- Police and Child Safety Officer Interviews with Students, and Police Searches at State Educational Institutions
- Acceptable Use of the Department's Information, Communication and Technology (ICT) Network and Systems
- Managing Electronic Identities and Identity Management
- Appropriate Use of Mobile Telephones and other Electronic Equipment by Students
- Temporary Removal of Student Property by School Staff

11. Some related resources

- Bullying. No Way!
- Schoolwide Positive Behaviour Support
- Code of Conduct for School Students Travelling on Buses

Endorsement

Principal

P&C President or Chair, School Council

Effective Date: 1 January 2014 - 31 December 2015

The use of personal technology devices at school

This policy reflects the importance the school places on students displaying courtesy, consideration and respect for others whenever they are using personal technology devices.

Personal Technology Devices include, but are not limited to, games devices (such as Portable gaming devices, Tamagotchis®, laptop computers, PDAs, Blackberrys®, cameras and/or voice recording devices (whether or not integrated with a mobile phone or MP3 player), mobile telephones, IPods® and devices of a similar nature.

Certain personal technology devices banned from school

Students must not bring valuable personal technology devices like cameras, digital video cameras, tablet devices, or MP3 players to school as there is a risk of damage or theft. Such devices will be confiscated by school staff and may be collected at the end of the day from the school office. Breaches of this prohibition may result in discipline.

Confiscation

Permitted personal technology devices (*mobile phones*) used contrary to this policy on school premises will be confiscated by school staff. They will be made available for collection from the school office at the end of the school day unless required to be kept for purposes of disciplinary investigation, when it will only be returned in the presence of a parent.

Devices potentially containing evidence of criminal offences may be reported to the police. In such cases police may take possession of such devices for investigation purposes and students and parents will be advised to contact Queensland Police Service (QPS) directly.

Students who have a personal technology device confiscated more than once will no longer be permitted to have a personal technology device at school for the remainder of the school term.

Personal technology device etiquette

Bringing personal technology devices to school is not encouraged by the school because of the potential for theft and general distraction and/or disruption associated with them. However, if they are brought to school, they must be turned off and handed into the office upon arrival at school. They can be collected when departing school in the afternoon.

Recording voice and images

Every member of the school community should feel confident about participating fully and frankly in all aspects of school life without concern that their personal privacy is being invaded by them being recorded without their knowledge or consent.

We uphold the value of trust and the right to privacy at Rainbow Beach State School. Students using personal technology devices to record inappropriate behaviours or incidents (such as vandalism, fighting, bullying, staged fighting or pranks etc) for the purpose of dissemination among the student body or outside the school, by any means (including distribution by phone or internet posting) builds a culture of distrust and disharmony.

Students must not record images anywhere that recording would not reasonably be considered appropriate (e.g. in change rooms, toilets or any other place where a reasonable person would expect to be afforded privacy). Recording of events in class is not permitted unless express consent is provided by the class teacher.

A student at school who uses a personal technology device to record private conversations, ordinary school activities (apart from social functions like graduation ceremonies) or violent, illegal

or embarrassing matter capable of bringing the school into public disrepute is considered to be in breach of this policy.

Even where consent is obtained for such recording, the school will not tolerate images or sound captured by personal technology devices on the school premises or elsewhere being disseminated to others, if it is done for the purpose of causing embarrassment to individuals or the school, for the purpose of bullying or harassment, including racial and sexual harassment, or where without such intent a reasonable person would conclude that such outcomes may have or will occur.

Students may be subject to discipline (including suspension and recommendation for exclusion) if they breach the policy by being involved in recording and/or disseminating material (through text messaging, display, internet uploading or other means) or are knowingly the subject of such a recording.

Students should note that the recording or dissemination of images that are considered indecent (such as nudity or sexual acts involving children) are against the law and if detected by the school will result in a referral to QPS.

Text communication

The sending of text messages that contain obscene language and/or threats of violence may amount to bullying and or harassment or even stalking, and will subject the sender to discipline and possible referral to QPS. Students receiving such text messages at school should ensure they keep the message as evidence and bring the matter to the attention of the school office.

Assumption of cheating

Personal technology devices may not be taken into or used by students at exams or during class assessment unless expressly permitted by staff. Staff will assume students in possession of such devices during exams or assessments are cheating. Disciplinary action will be taken against any student who is caught using a personal technology device to cheat during exams or assessments.

Recording private conversations and the Invasion of Privacy Act 1971

It is important that all members of the school community understand that under the *Invasion of Privacy Act 1971*, 'a person is guilty of an offence against this Act if the person uses a listening device to overhear, record, monitor or listen to a private conversation'. It is also an offence under this Act for a person who has overheard, recorded, monitored or listened to a conversation to which s/he is not a party to publish or communicate the substance or meaning of the conversation to others.

Students need to understand that some conversations are private and therefore to overhear, record, monitor or listen to such private conversations may be in breach of this Act, unless consent to the recording is appropriately obtained.

Special circumstances arrangement

Students who require the use of a personal technology device in circumstances that would contravene this policy (for example to assist with a medical condition or other disability or for a special project) should negotiate a special circumstances arrangement with the Principal.

School policy for preventing and responding to incidents of bullying (including cyberbullying)

Purpose

Rainbow Beach State School strives to create positive, predictable environments for all students at all times of the day. The disciplined and teaching environment that we are creating is essential to:

- achieving overall school improvement, including the effectiveness and efficiency of our student support procedures
- raising achievement and attendance
- promoting equality and diversity and
- ensuring the safety and well-being of all members of the school community.

There is no place for bullying in Rainbow Beach State School. Those who are bullied and those who bully are at risk for behavioural, emotional and academic problems. These outcomes are in direct contradiction to our school community's goals and efforts for supporting all students.

Bullying behaviours that will not be tolerated at Rainbow Beach State School include name-calling, taunting, mocking, making offensive comments, kicking, hitting, pushing, taking belongings, inappropriate text messaging, sending offensive or degrading images by phone or internet, producing offensive graffiti, gossiping, excluding people from groups, and spreading hurtful and untruthful rumours.

Bullying may be related to:

- race, religion or culture;
- disability;
- appearance or health conditions;
- sexual orientation;
- sexist or sexual language;
- children acting as carers; or
- children in care.

At Rainbow Beach State School there is broad agreement among students, staff and parents that bullying is observable and measurable behaviour. When considering whether or not bullying has occurred, we will therefore avoid speculation on the intent of the behaviour, the power of individuals involved, or the frequency of its occurrence. Whether bullying behaviour is observed between students of equal or unequal power, whether it occurs once or several times, and whether or not the persons involved cite intimidation, revenge, or self-defence as a motive, the behaviour will be responded to in similar fashion, that is, as categorically unacceptable in the school community.

Rationale

Many bullying behaviours are peer-maintained through the actions of bystanders. That is, peers react to bullying in ways that may increase the likelihood of it occurring again in the future. Reactions include joining in, laughing, or simply standing and watching, rather than intervening to help the person being bullied. Whilst our school would never encourage students to place themselves at risk, our anti-bullying procedures involve teaching the entire school a set of safe and effective responses to all problem behaviour, including bullying, in such a way that those who bully are not socially reinforced for demonstrating it.

The anti-bullying procedures at Rainbow Beach State School are an addition to our School Wide Positive Behaviour Support Processes. This means that all students are being explicitly taught the expected school behaviours and receiving high levels of social acknowledgement for doing so.

Adding lessons on bullying and how to prevent and respond to it is a subset of procedures that our students are already accustomed to.

Prevention

Attempting to address specific problem behaviours will not be successful if the general level of disruptive behaviour in all areas of our school is not kept to a low level. Therefore, our schoolwide universal behaviour support practices will be maintained at all times.

This will ensure that:

- Our universal behaviour support processes will always remain the primary strategy for preventing problem behaviour, including preventing the subset of bullying behaviour
- All students know the 3 school rules and have been taught the expected behaviours attached to each rule in all areas of the school
- All students have been or are being taught the specific routines in the non-classroom areas, from exiting the classroom, conducting themselves in accordance with the school expectations in the playground and other areas, to re-entering their classrooms
- All students are receiving high levels of positive reinforcement for demonstrating expected behaviours, including those associated with following our routines, from all staff in the nonclassroom areas of the school
- A high level of quality active supervision is a permanent staff routine in the non-classroom areas. This means that duty staff members are easily identifiable and are constantly moving, scanning and positively interacting as they move through the designated supervision sectors of the non-classroom areas.

The student curriculum modules of the anti-bullying process consist of lessons taught by all teachers in all classrooms to a schoolwide schedule of instruction. At all times simultaneous instruction is our goal, in order to maintain consistency of skill acquisition across the school.

An initial introductory lesson is delivered, which teaches the Hi-5 Strategy to be used by all students when experiencing bullying behaviour either as a person being bullied, the person bullying or bystander.

The introductory lesson is followed by several shorter lessons, each of which focuses on one of the bullying behaviours that the school has identified and defined. These lessons include instruction on how to approach adults and also on what reactions and systemic responses they should expect from adults.

Research indicates that a common outcome of anti-bullying programming is an improvement in understanding of bullying but little change in the frequency or nature of actual bullying behaviour. One of the reasons cited for this outcome is the lack of behavioural rehearsal in the programming. The anti-bullying process at Rainbow Beach State School takes care to combine knowledge with practice in a process of active learning, so that students understand by 'doing' as much as by 'knowing'.

Rainbow Beach State School records inappropriate behaviour and uses behavioural data for decision-making. This data is entered into our database on a daily basis and can be recalled as summary reports at any time. This facility allows the school to track the effectiveness of its antibullying process, to make any necessary adjustments, and to identify specific bullying behaviours that may need to be revisited or revised in the instructional process.

Appropriate use of social media

Rainbow Beach State School embraces the amazing opportunities that technology and the internet provide to students for learning, being creative and socialising online. Use of online communication and social media sites and applications (apps) can provide positive social development experiences through an opportunity to develop friendships and shape identities.

When used safely, social media sites and apps such as Facebook, Twitter and Instagram can provide positive opportunities for social learning and development. However, inappropriate, or misguided, use can lead to negative outcomes for the user and others.

Rainbow Beach State School is committed to promoting the responsible and positive use of social media sites and apps.

No student of Rainbow Beach State School will face disciplinary action for simply having an account on Facebook or other social media site, Though parents should be aware that many social media sites have age restrictions in place, that would prevent many students of primary school age from creating accounts.

As is set out in the school policy for preventing and responding to incidents of bullying (including cyberbullying) found at **Appendix 2**, it is unacceptable for students to bully, harass or victimise another person whether within (Rainbow Beach State School's) grounds or while online. Inappropriate online behaviours can have a negative impact on student learning and the good order and management of Rainbow Beach State School, whether those behaviours occur during or outside school hours.

This policy reflects the importance of students at Rainbow Beach State School engaging in appropriate online behaviour.

Role of social media

The majority of young people use social media sites and apps on a daily basis for school work, entertainment and to keep in contact with friends. Unfortunately, some young people misuse social media technologies and engage in cyberbullying.

Social media by its nature will result in the disclosure and sharing of personal information. By signing up for a social media account, users are providing their personal information.

Students need to remember that the internet is a free space and many social media sites and apps, like Twitter, have limited restrictions placed upon allowable content and regulated procedures for the removal of concerning posts.

Social media sites and apps are designed to share online content widely and rapidly. Once students place information and/or pictures online, they have little to no control over how that content is used.

The internet reaches a global audience. Even if students think that comments or photos have been deleted, there can be archived records of the material that will continue to be searchable into the future.

Inappropriate online behaviour has the potential to embarrass and affect students, others and the school for years to come.

Appropriate use of social media

Students of Rainbow Beach State School are expected to engage in the appropriate use of social media. Specific examples of appropriate use of social media sites and apps include:

- Ensuring that personal information, such as full name, address, phone number, school name and location or anyone else's personal information, is not shared.
- Thinking about what they want to say or post, and how it could be interpreted by others, before putting it online. Remember, once content is posted online you lose control over it. Students should not post content online that they would be uncomfortable saying or showing to their parents' face or shouting in a crowded room.
- Remembering that it can be difficult to work out whether messages typed on social media sites and apps are meant to be funny or sarcastic. Tone of voice and context is often lost which can lead to unintended consequences. If students think a message may be misinterpreted, they should be cautious and make the decision not to post it.
- Never provoking, or engaging with, another user who is displaying inappropriate or abusive behaviour. There is no need to respond to a cyberbully. Students should report cyberbullying concerns to a teacher and allow the teacher to record and deal with the online concern.

If inappropriate online behaviour impacts on the good order and management of Rainbow Beach State School, the school may impose disciplinary consequences for that behaviour regardless of whether the behaviour occurs during or outside of school hours.

Disciplinary consequences could include suspension and/or exclusion. In serious cases of inappropriate online behaviour, the school may also make a report to the police for further investigation.

Rainbow Beach State School will not become involved in concerns of cyberbullying or inappropriate online behaviour where the incident in question does not impact upon the good order and management of the school. For example, where cyberbullying occurs between a student of this school and a student of another school outside school hours. Such an incident will be a matter for parents and/or police to resolve.

Laws and consequences of inappropriate online behaviour and cyberbullying

Inappropriate online behaviour may in certain circumstances constitute a criminal offence. Both the *Criminal Code Act 1995* (Cth) and the *Criminal Code Act 1899* (Qld) contain relevant provisions applicable to cyberbullying.

The Commonwealth Criminal Code outlines a number of criminal offences concerning telecommunications services. The most relevant offence for cyberbullying is "using a carriage service to menace, harass or cause offence to another person".

The Queensland Criminal Code contains several applicable sections for cyberbullying. Potential relevant criminal offences are:

- Unlawful stalking.
- Computer hacking and misuse.

- Possession of child exploitation material.
- Involving a child in making child exploitation material.
- Making child exploitation material.
- Distribution of child exploitation material.
- Criminal Defamation.

There are significant penalties for these offences.

Rainbow Beach State School strives to create positive environments for all students at all times of the day, including while online. To help in achieving this goal, Rainbow Beach State School expects its students to engage in positive online behaviours.

Behaviour Incident Report

Please see Behaviour Incident Report on the following page.

Be Safe	Be Respectful	Be a Learner							
Student Name:	Staff Name:	Date:							
Witnesses:									
Incident Type (select one only)	Period (select one only)	Location Category (select one only)							
□ Minor	□ Before School	Adventure Playground							
🗆 Major	□ First Session	□ Classroom							
Subject (select one only)	🗆 🗆 First Break	Community Oval							
□ Art	□ Second Session	□ Eating Area							
English	□ Second Break	□ Excursion							
□ Hospitality	□ Third Session	□ Library							
□ HPE	□ After School	□ Multipurpose Court							
🗆 ІСТ	Restricted To (select one only)	□ Out of Bounds							
□ Library	□ Principal Only	Outside Classroom							
	□ Guidance Office	Outside School Grounds							
□ Mathematics	□ Principal & Guidance Officer	PGD Area A							
	DP and higher	PGD Area B							
	□ HOD/HOC or higher	PGD Area B Playground							
	BSM or higher	□ Playground □ School Entrance							
	Behaviour Support or higher	□ School Oval							
	□ Benaviour Support or higher								
Technology									
	d any other relevant categories in chronological orde								
□ Bullying/Harassment	□ Other conduct prejudicial to the	□ Substance misconduct							
Defiant/threat/s to adults	good order and management of	involving illicit substance							
Disruptive	school	Substance misconduct							
Dress code	Physical misconduct	involving tobacco and other							
□ IT misconduct	Possess prohibited items	legal substances							
🗆 Late	Prohibited items	Third minor referral							
Lying/Cheating	Property misconduct	Threat/s to others							
Misconduct involving object	Refusal to participate in program	Truant/skip class							
Non compliant with routine	of instruction	Verbal misconduct							
		🗆 Other							
Strategies		Motivation (select one only)							
Natural Consequence	In-school suspension	Obtain Peer Attention							
Referred to Admin	Disable Login	Obtain Adult Attention							
Restorative Justice	Behaviour Plan	 Obtain Tangible Object 							
Time Out – Note Home	Apology – written	D Obtain Activity or Event							
□ Detention	□ Formal Warning	Obtain Sensory Stimulation							
□ Detention – 2 days	□ Contact with parents	□ Escape/Avoid Activity or							
□ Detention – 3 days	Behaviour Monitoring Card	Event							
□ Removal from Playground	□ Individual Behaviour Support	Escape/Avoid Instructional							
□ Exited to Office/Principal	Plan	Task							
□ Buddy Class	Referred to Student Services	Escape/Avoid Adult Attention							
	□ Alternate Education Program	□ Escape/Avoid Peer Attention							
Record of Contact	Date / /	□ Escape/Avoid Sensory							
Туре:	Details:	Stimulation							
Type.		Don't Know							
		Refer to Staff Member/s:							
In side at Data the									
Incident Details (In chronological order record Antecedent, Behaviour, Consequence; Include any other details regarding setting event, observed behaviour; action taken to de-escalate the behaviour)									
Entered on OneSchool: 🗆 Yes 🗆	INU								

Rainbow Beach SS Behaviour Incident Report

Debriefing Report

Formal debriefing

Formal debriefing should be led by a staff member trained in the process who has not been involved in the event. The goals of debriefing are to:

- reverse or minimise the negative effects of physical intervention;
- prevent the future use of physical intervention; and/or
- address organisational problems and make appropriate changes.

For students who have language or communication difficulties the debriefing process will need to be modified to accommodate their specific receptive and expressive needs.

Debriefing should provide information on:

- who was involved;
- what happened;
- where it happened;
- why it happened; and
- what we learned.

The specific questions we want to answer through the debriefing process are:

- FACTS: what do we know happened?
- FEELINGS: how do you feel about the event that happened?
- PLANNING: what can/should we do next?

Questions for staff

- What were the first signs?
- What de-escalation techniques were used?
- What worked and what did not?
- What would you do differently next time?
- How can physical intervention be avoided in this situation in the future?
- What emotional impact does using physical intervention have on you?
- What was your emotional state at the time of the escalation?

Questions for student

- What was it that you needed?
- What upset you most?
- What did we do that was helpful?
- What did we do that got it that way?
- What can we do better next time?
- Would you do something differently next time?
- What could we have done to make the physical intervention less invasive?

Notes on the discussion that occurs during the debriefing report are not required to be documented, however a note should be made that the debriefing has occurred for both staff and students involved (e.g. names, date, time and outcomes).

Responding to Problem Behaviours

Please see Responding to Problem Behaviours Flow Chart on the following page.





DEFINE AND TEACH BEHAVIOUR EXPECTATIONS (MATRIX AND LESSONS)

MODEL, PRACTISE AND REINFORCE EXPECTATIONS (GOTCHAS, AWARDS, PRAISE)

OBSERVE BEHAVIOUR AND DECIDE: 1. LEVEL 2. CONSEQUENCE 3. FUTURE STRATEGY

		A VIOUR AND DECIDE. I. LEV		1	
Minor: Low Level Behaviour		Stage Two Minor: Medium Level Behaviour		Major: High Level Behaviour	
Minor acts of misconduct, which interfere with teaching and learning		Intermediate acts of misconduct which may include repeated acts of minor misconduct and/or misbehaviours against people or property, which do not seriously endanger the health, safety or well-being of others		Major acts of misconduct, which may include repeated acts of medium misconduct, high level disruption to teaching/learning and/or serious threats to health, safety or property	
STAFF MANAGED		STAFF MANAGED PARENT NOTIFIED (BY STAFF MEMBER) INCIDENT REPORT (PAPER OR ONESCHOOL)		OFFICE MANAGED PARENT NOTIFIED (BY OFFICE) ONESCHOOL ENTRY BY ORIGINAL WITNESSING STAFF	
Non compliance Minor interruptions to learning (talking, noises, late, work avoidance) Not interacting fairly Off task Minor dishonesty Out of seat Unprepared for learning Using put downs (minor) Moving unsafely (e.g. running, swinging on chairs etc) Inappropriate tone or attitude Climbing on trees and walkways		Non compliance Damaging property (e.g. snap pencil, draw on book) Disrespectful language (e.g. backchat, your mum) Consistently late Not playing fairly Repeated interruptions to learning Deliberate defiance Taking property without asking Unsafe use of equipment (running, swinging on chairs etc)		 Destruction of property (IWB, technology, deliberate) Wilful non-compliance (physical/verbal) Absent without permission (walk outs, truancy) Verbal aggression Inappropriate use of technological devices Bullying & harassment Verbal harassment (major, aggressive, intimidating) Sexual harassment Physical harassment Physical aggression 	
STRATEGIES AND CONSEQUENCES 1 ST AND 2 ND OFFENCE/S Staff will apply behaviour management strategies appropriate for the situation (<u>that show consideration of the likely function of</u>		Staff will apply behaviour management strategies appropriate for the situation (that show consideration to the likely function of behaviour) including, but not limited to previous strategies as well		STRATEGIES AND CONSEQUENCES Office staff will apply behaviour management strategies appropriate for the situation (that show consideration of the likely function of behaviour) including, but not limited to the following:	
 <u>behaviour</u>) including, but not limit Establish expectations and routines Rule reminder or warning Body language (non-verbal) encourager Quiet talk 1:1 Logical and natural consequences (tidy up, make up time etc) Give direct instructions Selective attending/tactical ignoring 	Descriptive encouraging Sit and think (2-5 min max) Redirect to learning Supportive conversation Move seat in class Give a choice Proximity Waiting and Scanning Parallel Acknowledgement Selective attending/Tactical ignoring	as the following: Sit and think/time out Walk and talk/break Logical and Natural Consequences Buddy Class (10 min max & under strict supervision) Community Service (reflects behaviour/expectation) Restore relationship (apology, fix-up)	Loss of own time Restorative Chat Written/Visual plan to get back on track Contact parent/s Detention Give a choice	 Previous strategies Parent contact/conference Individual Behaviour Support Plan developed External Behaviour Support Supported Play Detention (lunch, multiple etc) Buddy Class/Time in Office (10 min max & under strict supervision) 	 Behaviour Tracking Card (daily check-in) Loss of privileges Community Service (reflects behaviour/expectation, fix, repair, financial etc.) Behaviour Contract Communication Book Restorative conference
BEHAVIOUR		BEHAVIOUR RESOLVED?		BEHAVIOUR RESOLVED?	
YES	NO	YES	NO	YES	NO
PRAISE & REWARD APPROPRIATE BEHAVIOUR	3 RD OFFENCE BECOMES 'STAGE 2 MINOR'	PRAISE & REWARD APPROPRIATE BEHAVIOUR	OFFICE REFERRAL	PRAISE & REWARD APPROPRIATE BEHAVIOUR	CASE CONFERENCE SUSPENSION EXPULSION

Whole School Rewards Menu

Please see the Whole School Rewards Menu on the following page.



Rainbow Beach SS Reward Menu

10 Rewards

Playground assistant with teacher on duty Choose a book for the teacher to read aloud Colour during silent reading time Free time for 10 minutes/free choice reading – (no technology)

20 rewards

'Stinky Feet' award (go shoe free in arvo session) Write with a special pen/pencil for the day Sit with a friend for a session

30 Rewards

Use the iPad/computer for 15 minutes Pick from the Mystery Box Free ice block 10 min Handball game with Teacher Aide in class time

50 Points

No homework for a week (except must do daily reading) First to lunch for a week First to go home for a week **100 Points** Free dress day **150 points** Movie at lunch Free voucher from town shop eg, Crème de la crème, Fruit and Veg shop (to the value of \$5) **600 points** – Class Cash in Whole class reward nominated by your teacher Eg. Movie + popcorn (if you donated at least 20 gotchas)